



Who broke the colo?

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Broadband Video! IP Centric **Devices** Thick Clients Web Services Real Time Communications Big Data/Big **Pipes**





Is Driving Deployment INSIDE the Data Center...





.....and even what Goes INSIDE the Server







Which Means.....



- A single Intel processor today can consume as much as 130 watts, more than most standard light fixtures
- Today's servers consumes 2-4 times more power than 5 years ago
- Many data centers are designed to support 4 kilowatts/rack but requirements can be as high as 15-20 kilowatts/rack









....and More Cooling means More Costs





Most Data Centers have a ratio of 2.5.....

Achieving a ratio of 2.0 is the equivalent of approx. \$1M USD in annual savings**

Some organizations are in the unenviable position of paying more to power and cool a rack a servers than they paid for the rack and the servers themselves. Clearly things are moving out of balance.

Gartner Research, 2006

Reference: **The Uptime Institute, 2006 20,000 sq ft DC





But It Gets Worse

Many external factors are at work and impacting the data center migration and upgrades





.....and the Cost Is Prohibitive.....

Tier I or Tier II Data Center

Tier IV Data Center





20,000 sq feet = \$15.4M

20,000 sq feet = \$48.4M

Enterprise customers simply cannot afford to be spending additional budget on real estate, power and cooling

IDC Data Center of the Future Report, 2006





- Lead time to build a top tier 200W a Sq Ft Colo is 1 year (75k Sq Ft and up)
- Driving that lead time is 50+ Weeks for Gensets and PDU's
- Ground up construction of \$100 to \$200+ Million dollar facilities takes time for land acquisition, design, permitting and building/build-out
- If the Major Colo based IX's can't get the space built fast enough then the ISP and Content companies can't deploy
- Peer traffic will flatten and long term inbalances in regional traffic flows will occur
- We are all building it now...but will it be enough?





Demand for colocation space remains extremely strong worldwide. This is due in part to the lack of available space in quality facilities, rapidly rising energy prices making the DIY-case for enterprises more challenging, and general rising adoption of Web-based applications and related DR solutions.

Tier1 Research, March 2006

We have recently seen an implementation at 40 KW per rack, 10 times what was considered adequate a few years ago. If this trend continues, huge amounts of power will be needed to run data centers and to regulate their temperature. Gartner Research, 2006

82.9% of enterprises renew their managed services contract. 67.8% of enterprises require add-on services to their existing contracts. THINKstrategies, 2006

Through 2009, 70 percent of data center facilities will fail to meet operational and capacity requirements without some level of renovation, expansion or relocation.

Gartner Research, 2006





The NAP of the Americas - Miami







750,000 Sq Ft of Top Tier – Category 5 Hurricane proof Data Center









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